THE

Numb. 495.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday January 16, to Thurſday January 23, 1745-6.

A Genuine intercepted Letter, from Father *Patrick Graham*, Almoner and Confeſſor to the Pretender's Son, in *Scotland*, to Father *Benedick Yorke*, Titular Biſhop of St. *David's*, & *Bath*.

May it pleaſe your Lordſhip,

THAT I may execute the Commands you gave me about four Months ago, to write you the Succeſs of our Expedition to Scotland, with my Opinion of our Prince, and thoſe about him; I can now, with the utmoſt Pleaſure, aſſure you, that we are actually landed in Scotland; that hitherto our Enterprize ſeems to be guided by the immediate Hand of Providence, and that the Proſpect before us ſeems adequate to all the Succeſſes that has hitherto crowned his R——l H———s's Attempts.

Immediately upon our landing, the Prince of W.——— kneel'd down with the utmoſt Tranſport, and kiſs'd the Earth with great Humility, then lifting up his Eyes to Heaven, he implored the Aid and Bleſſing of the Mother of God, and St. Winifred, (for whom he has always had a particular Devotion;) after that, he order'd his Standard to be ſet up; and all his Followers, to the Number of about two Hundred, being round him, he admitted me firſt, and then the principal Lords and Gentlemen, to the Honour of kiſſing his Hand.

Since that Time, every Thing has happened as the moſt ſanguine could expect; the Uſurper's Forces fly before us, and, in every Skirmiſh, the Hand of the bleſſed Virgin is viſibly with us; and of Conſequence a Succeſs attends us. Which Succeſs, his R——l H———s, and I too, attribute entirely to his wearing conſtantly about his Neck a ſmall Medal, which his Holineſs cauſed to be ſtruck for the Purpoſe, and ſent him a little while before we embark'd for Scotland: On one Side of which is repreſented his R——l H———s leading Britannia repentant to kiſs the Pope's Toe; his Holineſs, from his Throne, extends his open Arms to receive her; round the Margin of that Side is read this Sentence:

Perierat & inventa eſt.

On the Reverſe is the Figure of the Prince of Wales, with a lifted Sword ready to ſtab Hereſy, who lies ſprawling at his Feet, with the Cap of Liberty fallen off, on one Side; and the Electoral Cap lying among the Ruins on the other; and round the Margin is read,

Immecitabile Vulnus enſe recidendum.

His Holineſs has alſo ſent the Die of the Medal, and we intend, as ſoon as 'tis convenient, to ſtrike Numbers of them, to diſperſe among the Steady to the old Engliſh Conſtitution.

I can't enough applaud his R——l H——s's Zeal for the Catholick Religion: It is conſtantly breaking out upon all Occaſions, (and indeed ſometimes more than I could wiſh:) But when I reprove him for it in private, he promiſes to be more upon his Guard. Yet, as his Tongue always ſpeaks the Language of his Heart, the Moment any Occaſion offers, he can never omit declaring his Deteſtation of Hereſy; and I queſtion whether the immediate quiet Poſſeſſion of all his Father's Kingdoms could bring him to ſign a Declaration, that had in it even a Promiſe of a Toleration. If you ſee any ſuch come out, you may be certain 'tis the forged Word of ſome of his Proteſtant Followers, without his Knowledge or Conſent. He has ſome Heretick Noblemen with him; and 'tis wonderful to hear how his R——l H———s, whenever they talk to him of his Temporal Affairs, makes the Diſcourſe always turn to ſome religious Point; wherein he never fails to ſhew them their Errors, and ſometimes with Succeſs, for I have already reconciled Lord George Murray, (a young Nobleman of the greateſt Honour) and Mr. Cameron, to the Boſom of our Holy Mother. His R——l H———s's uſual Arguments are, that no Man can be a good Subject to his Father, that does not believe in the Queen of Heaven, (for ſo he always ſtiles the bleſſed Virgin:) And that no Perſon ſhall ever be of his Councils, that is not of his Communion. He is well furniſh'd with all that can be ſaid for our Faith: His Father has train'd him up to it from his Cradle, and I believe that holy King had rather hear his Son was beheaded upon Tower-hill, than that he had even promiſed the leaſt Toleration to Proteſtants. His laſt Words to him at parting were, (for I was by) *Go, fight for your Religion and my Kingdoms, and remember*, Charles, *there is no Faith to be kept with Hereticks.*

Oh, my Lord, what a glorious Scene opens to my View! Shall the Croſs once more be erected in Britain? Shall our Altars be again exalted? Shall our Churches be reſtored to us? Shall our Abbey Lands revert to their right Owners? Shall the Clergy have their due Honours and Weight? Shall we ruſh like a Torrent upon the Laicty, and make them know they are our People, and the Sheep of our Paſture?

Your Lordſhip well knows, that all the Rent-rolls and Surveys of our former Poſſeſſions (preſerved from the Impiety of the Times) are ſafe, and kept in good Order at Doway and St. Omers, and ready to follow our Succeſſes here. His M——y has conſtantly allowed a Salary to ſome of the Reverend Fathers at each Place, to preſerve them for better Days.—I have often peruſed them with Tears, and ſurely our Church met no where with more dutiful Children, than this apoſtate Iſland once produced.—And were we once more Maſters, the ſame Yoke is ſtill in Being, and might ſoon be made to fit their Necks again.

In this Affair I muſt do my Royal Maſter's Zeal ample Juſtice.—He has often declared to myſelf in the moſt ſolemn Manner, that the great Cauſe of the Reſtitution of Abbey-Lands, ſhall never ſo much as come into Litigation; but that he will himſelf, as he is above the Law, take that Buſineſs under his own peculiar Cognizance; and that our Evidences and Records ſhall never be controverted, but that we ſhall have all the Reparation poſſible, for our long Depravation and tedious Sufferings. His Royal Word ſhall declare our Right, and his Royal Power put us into immediate Poſſeſſion. But whatever Lands are in Catholick Hands, (which they muſt part with) ſhall be fully made up to them out of the Eſtates of the Heretical Rebels. Of this I am commanded to order you to inform all that you dare truſt with the important Secret. But I truſt in the bleſſed Virgin that the Time is near at Hand, when all theſe Kingdoms ſhall hear the ſame Thing pronounced from the Throne itſelf. Before I end this Letter, I can't help acquainting your Lordſhip, that I am appointed Abbot of Reading; I do it, my Lord, becauſe I think you will be glad to hear that my conſtant and indefatigable Labours in the Cauſe are not forgotten. For I will be bold to ſay, that

your

your Lordſhip, and myſelf, through the Weakneſs of the Uſurpation, have, in our ſeparate Stations, acted as openly and boldly, as ever the moſt zealous could acquire at our Hands. Your Lordſhip has, in Defiance of all the pretended Laws, opened a conſtant Chapel at the Bath; officiated there for Years as publickly as the Heretick Prieſts in their Churches; made numberleſs Converts, in Contempt of their Magiſtracy, and preſerved all the Dignities of the Church in the Land of Infidels. Your Progreſſes, ſince your Elevation to the Mitre, have been open; you have viſited your Flocks, and appeared in as publick a Manner, exerciſing your Juriſdiction, as the Proteſtant Prelates themſelves. In my leſſer Sphere, I have acted with little Eclat, but great Succeſs, and may boaſt within theſe five Years, in the Pariſhes of St. George, St. Anne, and St. James, particularly, to have brought above two Thouſand ſtray'd Sheep back to the Flock: The Remiſſneſs of their Paſtors gave me great Advantages, and I found the poor Souls miſerably ignorant, and conſequently proper Objects of our Charity and Inſtruction.——For this I am rewarded. From this I hope my further Well-being both here and hereafter.

One Thing more I am commanded to acquaint your Lordſhip with, which you are deſired alſo to communicate to all ſincere Friends: The vaſt and oppreſſive Load of Debts which his Majeſty's Subjects have long labour'd under, has always afflicted him very much, for Rebels as they have been, he has always felt a paternal Concern for the undutiful Children: He has thought of many Ways of eaſing them; but, upon the moſt mature Conſideration, finds none ſo proper as an abſolute Spunge, that will certainly, at once, take off the Load, and yet not leſſen the Credit; for as the Debt was contracted by thoſe who had no Power to contract it, it ought not, it ſhould not, it cannot impugn, or ſhake the Credit of the true Owner. Put the Caſe in private Life: If a Perſon, ſeiſed of a tortious Poſſeſſion, ſhould, upon his wrongful Title, raiſe Money, is the real and true Heir to it, when he comes to enjoy it, obliged to pay ſuch a Debt? No, certainly; and when he has got his Title made clear, will any Man ſcruple to lend him Money again upon ſuch a Title?

You are alſo to take Notice of the ſtrict Juſtice of this Step.——For 'tis certain, that this Debt has been wholly contracted by the moſt violent Enemies and Traitors to the Royal Houſe of Stuart; contracted with the one View of continuing his preſent and late Majeſty in their Exile; contracted to extirpate our holy Religion; in ſhort, contracted to ſupport Uſurpation and Hereſy, and a Government equally deteſtable to God and his Church. Theſe are the Arguments you are to uſe, together with any other that your great Wiſdom can ſuggeſt.

Moſt of the Proceedings ſince the unfortunate Year 1688, are, and have, for ſome Time, been under Conſideration. The numberleſs Grants of the different Uſurper's; the many Peerages, and other Honours, they have pretended to beſtow: And as moſt of theſe Favours have been ſhowered down upon the Undeſerving, the moſt inveterate Oppoſers of our Cauſe, the greateſt Supporters of Hereſy; moſt, if not all, will meet with the Fate they deſerve.

You will ſee by the Extracts I herein ſend you, that our Declarations, Proclamations, Manifeſtos, &c. (for I ſend you quite the Marrow of them) are drawn with great Caution, and as little Latitude as poſſible: And where we offer moſt, if you examine, you will find the Words are ſubject to two Meanings, and ſomething more.—For this, we are obliged to the Pen of Father Innys, of the Society of Jeſus; who is an excellent Writer, and has, upon all Occaſions, been very ſerviceable to our Cauſe.

My good Lord, the Die is now caſt.—Our All is at Stake.——'Tis our dernier Effort.——We are to meet in Triumph or Confuſion.——Our Smith-field Fires ſhall again blaze, or our Enemies are to tread upon our Necks.

Exert yourſelf then, inflame your Friends with a Zeal to deſtroy the Enemies of our Church and King, and to extirpate Hereticks and Traitors: Declare to them what they are to do, and what they are to have: Enforce to them their Duty both to God, and to their Sovereign: Point out the Smallneſs of the Danger, and the Greatneſs of their Reward: Incite them to repair to the Royal Standard, and ſwell the righteous Number by their Preſence: Let them remember that thoſe who are not with us, are againſt us, and will be looked upon as ſuch: In ſhort, bid them to come, for the Lord hath need of them.

Thus, my Lord, have I done according to the Royal Command I have received.——I truſt, from the Ability and Fidelity of the Meſſenger, this Letter will arrive ſafe to your Hands; ſo begging, upon my Knees, your Lordſhip's Bleſſing, I am, my Lord,

Your Lordſhip's

Moſt obedient Servant,

Perth, Sept. 1, 1745. O. S.

and dutiful Son,

PATRICK GRAHAM.

WILLIAMSBURG, Jan. 23.

SINCE our laſt, the Ship Mermaid, Capt. Malbone, and the Brig. Induſtry, Capt. James, arriv'd at Norfolk from London: The Ship May, Capt. Orr, in James River, from Glaſgow: Alſo the Ship Prat, Capt. Walker; and the Ship Gooch, Capt. Churchman, in York River, from Briſtol: But as they have all had long Paſſages, they bring little News more than we had before. We hear Capt. Teage ſail'd with the above London Ships; but parted Company about 8 Weeks ago. Two Veſſels are arrived in James River, from Bermuda, by whom we hear that the Ship Harrington, Capt. Hunter, which ſail'd out of James River, about 6 Weeks ago, met with ſuch bad Weather at Sea, that ſhe ſprung a Leak, and was obliged to throw 60 or 70 Hogſheads of Tobacco over board; that he put into Bermuda, where he unloaded Part of his Cargo, found and ſtopt the Leak, and was ready to put to Sea again. By the ſame Veſſels we hear, that Col. Heron, late of General Oglethorpe's Regiment, is appointed Governor of Bermuda, in the Room of —— Popple, Eſq;

The two Briſtol Ships, above-mention'd, about 100 Leagues off our Capes, ſpoke with His Majeſty's Ships Torrington and Dover, with 8 Tranſport Ships under their Convoy, having on Board 3 Regiments of Soldiers, and their Officers, from Gibralter, bound for Cape Breton: This Week one of the ſaid Tranſport Ships, put into Hampton Road, having parted from the reſt; which we hear intended to put into New-York, it being judg'd improper to attempt getting into Cape Breton in the middle of Winter, when they are generally frozen up.

An Engliſh Paper, of the 5th of November, is come by one of the firſt mentioned Ships, which ſays, the French Ambaſſador is return'd ſuddenly from Holland; that the Dutch are under ſome Surprize, and are making Preparations in Expectation of a French Declaration of War againſt them. We have no News yet of any Engagement between Marſhal Wade, and the Rebels; but that it was expected to be about the Middle of November.

Extract of a printed Paper brought from Briſtol, *which is ſaid to contain the Subſtance of a Letter from* Kendall, *dated* October 26.

Letters from the North bring us the agreeable News, that Dumfries now actually refuſes to pay the Contributions demanded by the Rebels; and that there is the greateſt Spirit of Loyalty among them that ever was known: That the Lord Loudon has had great Succeſs in raiſing the Loyal Clans, to prevent the Rebels from getting back; which they are endeavouring to do: That upon the Approach of the King's Army, they are in the greateſt Confuſion; and that the Leaders are actually at Variance among themſelves. There has been no Reinforcement, as was reported; but that they daily deſert, and are now much decreaſed.

P. S.

P. S. We have juſt received Advice from Liverpool, That one of his Majeſty's 60 Gun Ships, has taken and brought into Kinſale, the Apollo, a French Privateer, after a bloody Engagement of 11 Hours. The French Privateer had 800 Hands; and his Majeſty's Ship had 450; out of which near 200 were kill'd: The Apollo had many more kill'd; but how many we don't yet certainly hear. The Apollo was a Ship of great Force, and the ſame that the Angleſea Man of War ſtruck to.

The Pemberton, and another Liverpool Ship, are taken.

From the Portſmouth Gazette, *Nov.* 7.

Whitehall, Oct. 12. By Letters from Briſtol, of the 17th Inſtant, we have an Account, that James Conner, of the ſaid City, Commander of the Tryal Privateer, being on Monday the 30th of the ſame Month, in Latitude about 48, and Longitude about 14 Degrees Weſt, he ſaw and chaſed a Ship, and when he came within Gun-ſhot, he hoiſted Engliſh Colours and fired a Gun at her, on which ſhe hoiſted Spaniſh Colours and return'd the Gun; and after firing a few ſingle Shot, and exchanging a Broadſide with the Tryal, ſhe ſtruck, and on the ſaid 7th Inſtant, the ſaid Tryal Privateer brought her into the Port of Briſtol. She is a Spaniſh Ship, called the St. Zirioco, commanded by Don Joachin de la Sota, with the King of Spain's Commiſſion, Burthen about 150 Tons, mounting 12 Carriage and four Swivel Guns, and navigated by upwards of 60 Men; laden with 2500 Fuzees, with Bayonets, 100 Barrels of Gun powder, 150 Quintals of Muſquet Balls, ſome Boxes of Horſe-ſhoes and Flints, and ſeven Cheſts of Spaniſh Money. By the Courſe ſhe was ſteering, the ſaid Mr. Conner believes her to have been bound for ſome Port of Ireland or Scotland. There were on board two Iriſhmen, one a Captain of Horſe in Spaniſh Service, the other a Pilot. When the ſaid Spaniſh Ship came from Corunna, ſhe left there five Spaniſh Men of War, and a French Ship.

Whitehall, Nov. 4. By Letters from the North of the 31ſt of laſt Month, there is an Account that the Rebels continue to ſeize on all the Horſes, Forage, and Proviſion they can find between Berwick and Edinburg, in Order to diſtreſs his Majeſty's Troops on the March; their Counſels are ſo various and fluctuating, that they frequently contradict and countermand the Orders of the preceding Day; they plunder the Country and raiſe all the ready Money they can lay their Hands on from the Collectors of Ceſs Cuſtoms and Exciſe, in the Diſtribution of which to their Chiefs and Superiors, few or none are contented with their Proportion, and conſequently there are great Jealouſies and ill Blood amongſt them. Marſhal Wade propoſed to march towards Berwick Yeſterday or To Day. On Saturday the 26th of laſt Month, the main Body of the Rebels having almoſt entirely evacuated Edinburg and Leith, pitched their Tents to the Weſt of Inverask Church: They had ſeven or eight Pieces of Cannon pointed South Weſt of their Camp: Their ſick and ſome of their Baggage were ſent to the Weſtward. They had ordered 100 light Waggons, and a Number of Baskets for carrying on Horſeback, to be made; and from the Gentlemen and Farmers in the Shire of Eaſt-Lothian, had got between 6 and 700 of their beſt working Horſes. They had taken Poſſeſſion of a Place on the Forth called Haigen's Nook, below Stirling, and had placed a Battery on both Sides the Forth at that Place, to keep off the Men of War's Boats that might hinder their Croſſing. One of theſe Batteries conſiſted of ſix, the other of five Pieces of Cannon.

Whitehall, Nov. 5. The freſheſt Intelligence from Scotland mentions the Arrival of four Ships in all, in the North Parts of that Kingdom, with Arms, &c. for the Uſe of the Rebels, viz. one at Montroſe, two at Stone Hyve, and the fourth at Dunotyr: That the Cargo of the firſt was carried South in 85 Carts; and that of two others in more than 100, each drawn by two Horſes: That they have brought ſome braſs Cannon, and one Piece of five Inches Bore, with ſome Gunners and Officers: That the Small Arms of the firſt Cargo were carried Part to Dunkeld, and Part to Perth, being intended for the Athol Men and Mc Donalds, and all the reſt gone forwards towards Edinburg.

That half Lord Ogilvie's Men had deſerted; and that a Party of the Rebels in Angus were employed in forcing them to return, and Lord Strathmore's Men to join them; threatning to burn their Houſes in Caſe of Refuſal, whereupon many of the Country People were gone out of the Way.

Yeſterday arrived in the River from Flanders, Lieutenant General Handaſyd's, Major General Campbel's, Major General Skelton's Brigadier-General Bligh's, Brigadier General Mordaunt's, Lord Sempill's, and Lord John Maurray's Regiments of Foot.

LONDON, *November* 5.

Laſt Thurſday was launched at Mr. Bird's Dock at Rotherhithe, his Majeſty's Ship the Cheſterfield, of 44 Guns, the Command whereof is given to the Hon. Capt. Gordon, late Commander of His Majeſty's Ship Sheerneſs.

We hear from the North, that the Rebels had erected a Battery on the Forth, which the Fox Man of War had demoliſhed as ſoon as finiſhed.

Gordon of Glenbucket, the Chief of a Highland Clan of Rebels, is taken Priſoner by a Party from the Fox Man of War, as he was paſſing the Firth.

Virginia, ſſ.

By His Majeſty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief of this Dominion,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Meeting of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

WHEREAS the General Aſſembly ſtood Prorogued to the Third *Thurſday* in *May* next: And I judged it proper for His Majeſty's Service, and the Honour and Intereſt of this Colony, that the ſaid Aſſembly ſhould meet ſooner: I have therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Majeſty's Council, by this Proclamation, in His Majeſty's Name, to Order, That the ſaid Aſſembly meet on the Third *Thurſday* in *February* next; at which Time I expect their Attendance.

GIVEN under my Hand, at *Williamsburg*, this 15th Day of *January*, in the Nineteenth Year of His Majeſty's Reign. *WILLIAM GOOCH.*

GOD Save the KING.

AND, whereas a wicked and horrid Rebellion has been raiſed againſt our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, his Crown and Government: It is alſo *Ordered*, by the Governor, with the Advice of His Majeſty's Council, That *Wedneſday* the 26th Day of *February* next, be obſerved as a General *Faſt and Humiliation*, before Almighty God, in a moſt devout and ſolemn Manner, by our Prayers and Supplications, for obtaining Pardon for our Sins, for averting thoſe heavy Judgments we have juſtly deſerv'd, and imploring his Divine Bleſſing and Aſſiſtance on his Majeſty's Arms, againſt all his Enemies Foreign and Domeſtick, in a more eſpecial Manner againſt the Pretender, and all his Adherents, and for reſtoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety and Proſperity, to our only rightful and lawful Sovereign King GEORGE, and to his Kingdoms and Dominions.

WILLIAM GOOCH.

To the Reverend the CLERGY of *Virginia.*

Reverend Brethren,

WEDNESDAY the 26th of *February* next, being the Day appointed by Authority, for a General *Faſt and Humiliation*, in order to obtain of Almighty GOD Pardon for our Sins, and to implore the Divine Bleſſing and Aſſiſtance on his Majeſty's Arms, againſt the Attempts of all his Enemies, both Foreign and Domeſtic; let

let us, in our Diſcourſes ſuited to that Solemn Occaſion, earneſtly inculcate upon our Hearers a firm Adherence to our moſt gracious Sovereign King GEORGE, duly conſidering the great Difference between the juſt Adminiſtration of a Proteſtant Prince, and the arbitrary Will of a Popiſh Pretender. Under ſuch a deſpotick Power, ſhou'd it prevail, (which Heaven avert!) Life, Liberty, and Fortune would be precarious. But our moſt excellent Conſtitution, both in Church and State, happily ſecures to us every Thing that is dear and valuable; the Welfare of our Country; and the Intereſt of our Reformed Religion, equally diſtant from Superſtition on the one Hand, and Enthuſiaſm on the other. May theſe ſacred and civil Rights be tranſmitted, through our King and his Royal Iſſue, down to our lateſt Poſterity, in a proſperous and flouriſhing Condition!

GIVE me Leave to add, that, waving other important Conſiderations, I am particularly obliged, in Compliance with an expreſs Direction of our Right Reverend Dioceſan, to take all proper Opportunities, (and can any be more proper than this?) of recommending to you a loyal and dutiful Behaviour towards the preſent Government, as veſted in his Majeſty King GEORGE, and eſtabliſh'd in the Illuſtrious Houſe of *Hanover*; and that you pay all due Submiſſion and Reſpect to the Governor ſent by him, as well in regard to his Commiſſion and Character, as to engage his Favour and Protection, to the Church and Clergy.

AND, it being thought a Duty incumbent upon us, at this critical Juncture, unanimouſly to join in an humble Addreſs to his Majeſty, and the Governor; I muſt deſire you to meet at *Williamsburg*, for that Purpoſe, on *Thurſday* the 6th of *March* enſuing; and am

Your moſt affectionate Brother,

William and Mary College, WILLIAM DAWSON.
Jan. 15, 1765.

Entered in the Naval Office of James River.

Sept. 20. Ship [illegible], [illegible], from London, with European Goods, as per Cockets.

---- 30. Billander Mingrah Packet, John Botterell, from Boſton, with 2 Crates of Earthen Ware, 1 Box of Haberdaſhery, 2 Caſes of Hats, 32 Hogſheads of Rum, 2 Hogſheads of Loaf Sugar, and 3 Barrels of Brown Sugar.

Oct. 8. Ship Catherine and Anne, Edmund Agers, from Hull, in Ballaſt.

---- 25. Brig. Eagle, Chriſtopher Wilkin, from Whitehaven, with European Goods, as per Cocket.

---- 28. Sloop Friendſhip, Nathaniel Tynes, from Providence, with 250 Buſhels of Salt, 2000 Oranges, 4 Barrels of Sugar, 4 Hogſheads of Rum, 6 Hogſheads of Molaſſes, 1 Hogſhead and 4 Cags of Prize Brandy, and 200 lbs. of Cotton.

Nov. 5. Snow Sally, Robert Paterſon, from Briſtol, with European Goods as per Cocket.

---- 12. Ship Free Maſon, Robert Jamieſon, from Glaſgow, in Ballaſt.

---- 12. Schooner Bridget, David Meredith, from Boſton, with 2 Hogſheads of Molaſſes, 8 Barrels of Fiſh, 2 Hogſheads and 2 Barrels of European Goods, 20 Caſes with empty Bottles, and 7 Dozen of New England Buckets.

---- 14. Schooner Lark, Michael Hacket, from Maryland, with 63 Barrels of Flour, 1960 lbs. of Bread.

---- 30. Sloop Endeavour, William Wilkinſon, from Louiſburg, in Ballaſt.

---- 30. Sloop Recovery, Prince George, from Bermuda, with 16 Hogſheads, 2 Tierces, and 2 Barrels of Rum, 3 Tierces of Molaſſes, 9 Barrels of Sugar, 1 Barrel of Train Oil, 8 Pounds of Indico, and Straw Ware.

---- 30. Sloop Elizabeth, Owen Loyd, from St. Chriſtophers, with 40 Hogſheads and 33 Tierces of Rum, 3 Hogſheads and 10 Tierces of Molaſſes, 12 Hogſheads of Claret, and 14 Caſks of Salt.

---- 30. Sloop Little George, David Griffith, from New-York, with 350 Buſhels of Salt, 8 Caſks of Sugar, 3 Hogſheads of Rum, 40 Quarter Caſks of white Biſcuit.

---- 30. Schooner Peggy, Lemuel Willoughby, from Barbados, with 77 Hogſheads of Rum, and 12 Barrels of Sugar.

---- 30. Sloop Pretty Betſey, William Muſſon, from St. Chriſtopher's, with 21 Hogſheads of Rum.

Dec. 2. Sloop Fancy, Ephraim Gilbert, from Bermuda, with 10 Tierces of Molaſſes, 17 Barrels of Sugar, 9 Hogſheads of Rum, 660 Buſhels of Salt, and Straw Ware.

---- 4. Sloop Bobby, Paul Loyall, from Barbados, with 73 Hogſheads, and 11 Tierces of Rum, 61 Barrels of Sugar, and 11 Negroes.

---- 5. Schooner Mayflower, Solomon Edey, from Barbados, with 26 Hogſheads and 6 Tierces of Rum, 4 Hogſheads and 53 Barrels of Sugar, and 90 lbs. of Cotton.

---- 5. Sloop Relief, George Newton, from Barbados, with 60 Hogſheads and 1 Tierce of Rum.

---- 17. Ship Duke of Cumberland, Thomas Aſelbie, from Briſtol, with European Goods, as per Cockets.

Cleared out.

Sept. 20. Schooner Royal William, George Moore, for Anguilla, with 90 Barrels and 40 Cags of white Bread.

---- 21. Brig. Mercury, Nathaniel Bunn, for Antigua, with 3600 lbs. of Tallow, 38 Boxes of Candles, 1200 Feet of ranging Timber, 2000 Feet of Pine Plank, 33,000 Shingles, and live Stock.

---- 27. Schooner Racehorſe, James Hawkins, for Antigua, with 1440 Buſhels of Corn, 2 Caſks of Tobacco, 14,500 Shingles, and live Stock.

Oct. 4. Snow Expedition, Thomas Powe, for Maryland, with Ballaſt.

---- 5. Sloop Sarah, William Williams, for Boſton, with 604 Barrels Tar.

---- 5. Snow Nottingham, James Chapman, for Hull, with 72 Hogſheads of Tobacco, 834 Barrels of Tar, 199 Barrels of Turpentine, 44 Bundles of raw Deer-ſkins, 46 Walnut Stocks and Planks, 4500 Trunnels, and 8150 Staves.

---- 7. Sloop Betſey, Patrick Lynch, for Barbados, 60 Barrels of Beef, 340 Buſhels of Corn, 734 Buſhels of Oats, 400 Staves, 1840 Heading, and 3800 Shingles.

---- 11. Sloop Eliza, Jeremiah Higgs, for Barbados, with 1456 Buſhels of Corn, 130 Buſhels of Peaſe, 10,000 Shingles, 3000 Heading, 11,000 Staves, 8 Barrels of Flour, 24 Boxes of Candles, and 500 Hoops.

---- 22. Brig. Thiſtle, Robert Brown, for Ayre, with 225 Hogſheads of Tobacco, and 3000 Staves.

---- 31. Sloop Betty, William Moſeley, for Barbados, with 74 Barrels of Beef, 209 Buſhels of Oats, 4 Tierces of Tobacco, 1200 lbs. of Tallow, 8209 Staves, 5206 Heading, 19,400 Shingles, 10365 Feet of Plank.

Nov. 4. Sloop Flying Poſt, Stephen Righton, for Monſerat, with 600 lbs. Tallow, 2 Caſks of Peaſe, 23,000 Shingles, 4200 Staves, and 31 Boxes of Candles.

---- 15. Snow Poſt Boy, John Smith, for Antigua, with 396 Pieces of Timber, 40 Planks, 50,000 Shingles, and 5000 Clapboards.

---- 22. Schooner Lark, Michael Hacket, for Maryland, with European Goods, as per Cocket.

Dec. 4. Sloop Orphan Tehoa, John Everard, for Barbados, with 906 Barrels of Corn, 26,000 Hogſhead-Staves, 3000 Heading, 6 Boxes of Candles, 1 Tierce of Rum, and live Stock.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Dwelling Houſe, Out Houſes, Store Houſes, &c. in the main Street, oppoſite to Mr. *Wetherburn*'s in *Williamſburg*, (the moſt convenient Spot in this City for Trade, and a well accuſtomed Store,) now the Property of the Subſcribers, will be expoſed to publick Sale, to the higheſt Bidder, at the ſaid Houſe, on *Tueſday* the 4th of *March* next, in the Afternoon: As alſo a Quantity of very good Houſhold Furniture; either for ready Money or at ſuch Credit as ſhall be then agreed on: And ſuch Perſons as have hitherto neglected to ſettle and pay off their Accounts due to the ſaid Store, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame before that Time, to prevent their being ſued, by

Harwar & King.

JUſt imported, from *London*, by the Subſcriber, in *Williamſburg*, A Conſiderable Quantity of choice Medicines, Chimical and Galenical, truly prepared; which are to be Sold reaſonably, by

Kenneth Mackenzie.

To Be SOLD, a Pennyworth,

A Very good *Engliſh*-made Billiard Table, cover'd with green Cloath; the Frame ſtrong, true, and well-ſeaſon'd, with Balls and Mafts for *French* Billiards: Alſo Port and King, with Sticks of Lignum Vitæ tipt with Ivory, and Balls, for *Engliſh* Billiards. Enquire of Mr. *John Burdett*, in *Williamſburg*.

STray'd away in *October* laſt, from the Paſture of Mr. *John Gordon*, near *Frederickſburg*, a black Gelding, branded on the near Buttock HK, in a Piece; he has ſome Saddle-ſpots on his Back, is of a middle Size, and paces well. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to Mr. *John Mitchell*, Merchant, in *Frederickſburg*, or to the Subſcriber in *Caroline*, ſhall be handſomly rewarded, by

Patrick Mitchell.

TO be Sold, to the higheſt Bidder, by Way of Outcry, at *Hanover* Court, in *April* next, 1340 Acres of Land on *Hickory*-Creek, in *Louiſa* County; alſo 4000 Acres on *Gold-Mine* Creek, in the ſame County, within a Mile of a good Mill, and four Miles of the Court-houſe, which Land formerly belong'd to Capt. *John Aylett*, deceas'd. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe any of the ſaid Lands, betwixt this and *April*, may apply to the Subſcribers, who will treat with them for the ſame. There are 4 or 5 Plantations on the ſaid Lands, with ſeveral Dwelling-houſes, Tobacco and Corn-houſes, and clear'd Ground enough for 30 Hands.

N. B. The above Lands are to be laid off into Lots, 763 Acres in a Lot, and 12 Months Credit will be allow'd for the ſame, the Purchaſer giving good Security as is uſual.

There is alſo 1500 Acres of Land on *Negroe*-Creek, in three different Tracts, 800 Acres in one, with two good Dwelling-houſes, two new 40 by 20 double-tier'd Tobacco-houſes, one Corn-houſe, Quarter, Hen-houſe, and Dairey; 400 in another, with a Dwelling-houſe, a new 40 by 20 double-tier'd Tobacco-houſe; the other 350 Acres, in *Orange* County, on the ſame Creek, with ſome old Houſes on it. The Lands are all adjoining, and have large Quantities of low Grounds belonging to each Tract, taking the Creek on both Sides. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe any other Lands on *Negroe*-Creek, may apply to *Philip Aylett*, betwixt this and *April*, who will treat with them for the ſame. There is Three Year's Day of Payment allow'd, the Purchaſer giving good Security, as uſual.

Philip Buckner.
Philip Aylett.

Williamsburg: Printed by W. PARKS. By whom Perſons may be ſupply'd with this Paper, at 15s. per Ann.
And BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.